BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES DEPARTMENT OF PEACE AND GOVERNANCE YOUTH, CONFLICT AND DEVELOPMENT-HPG 103

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS DEGREE IN PEACE AND GOVERNANCE

EXAMINATION

TIME 3 HOURS



INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions in SECTION A and any TWO questions from Section B

Each question carries 100 marks

Candidates are required to use relevant examples in answering essay questions

SECTION A (Compulsory)

Conflict analysis is a practical process of examining and understanding conflict from a variety of perspectives. This understanding then forms the basis on which strategies can be developed and actions can be planned. The next key stage after conflict analysis is conflict mapping.

- 1(a) Explain the purpose of conflict mapping. (4)
- 1(b) Describe any three tools that are used to map conflict. (6)
- 1(c) With reference to any **one** contemporary conflict in Sub Saharan Africa, do a conflict analysis and show how the youth have been affected by the conflict. (15)

SECTION B

- 2. Discuss the relevance of the 'social death' concept in relation to the socio-economic situation facing the young people in Zimbabwe.
- 3. Assess the effects of cultural violence on youth development in Africa.
- 4. Analyse the progress made by the government of Zimbabwe in operationalising the key provisions of the African Youth Charter.

5. Describe the impact of peace education as a mechanism of creating a peaceful youth generation.

-END OF PAPER-

BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES DEPARTMENT OF PEACE AND GOVERNANCE

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS DEGREE IN PEACE AND GOVERNANCE

CONFLICT TRANSFORMATION: HPG 107

EXAMINATION

MAR 2023

TIME 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions in SECTION A and any TWO questions from Section B

Each question carries 100 marks.

Candidates are required to use relevant examples in answering essay questions

SECTION A (Compulsory)

Conflicts are a normal phenomenon in all human societies because our world views and perceptions of each other can be variance because of different motivations. While conflict can easily degenerate into violence if proper interventions are not made timeously, however, conflicts can be transformed into peaceful outcomes because conflict and violence are not synonymous and violence is choice. However, different scholars have proffered different ways towards achieving the goal of transformation.

1a. Define and explain the basic assumptions and goals of the transformative theory. (10)

1b. Illustrate the FOUR ways of transformation takes place according to Raimo Vayrynen. (40)

SECTION B

- 2. Discuss Gene Sharp's strategic non-violence approach.
- 3. Assess the role played by nation-building in post violent conflict reconstruction.
- 4. Analyse the effectiveness of endogenous methods of conflict transformation in Africa.

5. Examine the importance of reconciliation in promoting positive peace.

-END OF PAPER-