BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

- AUG 2074

DEPARTMENT: HEALTH SCIENCES

PROGRAMME			
STUDENT REGIST	TRATION NUMBER		
	COURSE CODE HS102 (1):	HEALTH EDUÇATION	
DURATION	N: 2HOURS	TOTAL MARKS: 100 MARKS	
INSTRUCTIONS T	O CANDIDATES		
Section A (Carrie	es 50 Marks)		
Answer ALL que	stions		
Indicate v	whether the following staten	nents are True or False by encircling	
True (T) o	or False (F) using a BLUE/BLA	ACK pen.	
1. Regard	ling gender based violence, th	e most consistent predictor (s) of	
attitud	les supporting the use of viole	ence against women is a person's :	
a)	Age	(T)	(F)
b)	Beliefs about gender roles	(T)	(F)
c)	Cultural background	(T)	(F)
d)	Socio-economic	(T)	(F)
e)	Intergenerational	(T)	(F)

2.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False. Regard	ding			
	contraception and contraception;				
	a) A woman can always calculate the 'safe' time during her mer	nstrual			
	cycle when she can have vaginal intercourse and be protected	d from			
	pregnancy	(T) (F)			
	b) The Progestogen only pill is less effective than the combined	pill			
		(T) (F)			
	c) If you forget a contraceptive pill you should use a condom as	well if			
	you have sex within the next seven days.	(T) (F)			
	d) Oral contraceptives may reduce heavy and painful periods	(T) (F)			
	e) Oral contraceptive has a positive effect on acne	(T) (F)			
3.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False; Regard	ding			
	sexually transmitted infections (STIs):				
	a) Condoms are the most effective safeguard against the spread of	STIs			
		(T) (F)			
	b) STIs can be spread through kissing	(T) (F)			
	c) Women are more likely to get STIs than men	(T) (F)			
	d) If you are in a monogamous relationship, you cannot get an STI.	(T) (F)			
	e) You can tell if someone has genital warts because you can see them				
		(T) (F)			
4.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False;				
	a) In post exposure prophylaxis (PEP), antiretroviral therapy (AR	Γ)			
	should be taken for 1 month	(T) (F)			
	b) HIV screening is mandatory for all pregnant mothers in Zimbal	owe			
		(T)(F)			
	c) Terminal illness is a good reason for deferring antiretroviral tr	eatment			
	(ART)	(T)(F)			

	d) Long-acting injectable cabotegravir (CAB-LA) is used in pos	st-exposure
	prophylaxis (PEP) for HIV prevention.	(T) (F)
	e) Nutritional interventions for HIV positive people should sta	rt as soon
	as they are symptomatic	(T) (F)
5.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False; T	he following
	infections are risk factors for cancer of the cervix	
	a) HIV	(T) (F)
	b) Human papilloma virus	(T) (F)
	c) Herpes Zoster	(T) (F)
	d) Chlamydia	(T) (F)
	e) Herpes simplex virus	(T) (F)
6.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False; The	e following
	are usual characteristics of a cancerous breast lump	
	a) Movable	(T) (F)
	b) Painful to touch	(T) (F)
	c) Irregular edges	(T) (F)
	d) Can only be detected by a mammogram	(T) (F)
	e) Hard	(T) (F)
7.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False; The	e following
	diseases have the same signs and symptoms as Ebola	
	a) Flu	(T) (F)
	b) COVID-19	(T) (F)
	c) Malaria	(T) (F)
	d) Typhoid fever	(T) (F)
	e) Dysentery	(T) (F)
8.	Indicate whether the following statements are True or False; Re-	garding
	diabetes mellitus:	
	a) About 75% of people with diabetes mellitus (DM) have high	n blood
	pressure	
		(T) (F

	b)	Blood pressure is the force of blood pressing against walls of	the
		veins	(T) (F)
	c)	DM in pregnancy usually disappear after pregnancy	(T) (F)
	d)	Eating cakes and sugary foods is a risk factor for DM type 2	(T) (F)
	e)	Illicit drugs such as cocaine can cause high blood pressure	(T) (F)
9.	Indica	ate whether the following statements are True or False; Regar	ding
	diarrh	oeal diseases:	
	a)	Diarrhea that starts suddenly, often with vomiting and within	4 to 8
		hours of eating, is a common feature of food poisoning	(T) (F)
	b)	Sugary foods can worsen diarrhea	(T) (F)
	c)	Mass vaccinations is very effective in managing an outbreak	(T) (F)
	d)	A weak solution of jik can be used to wash vegetables and fru	iits
			(T) (F)
	e)	All suspected cases of infectious diarrheal diseases such as ch	olera
		should be reported to health care providers	(T) (F
10.	Fill i	n the gaps with the correct answer. Regarding drug and subst	ance
	abuse	,	
	a)	A condition whereby someone feels like he/she cannot function	on
		without the use of the drug/substance that he is used to is ca	lled
	b)	is a term that describes the	
		emotional or mental components of substance use disorder, su	ich as
		strong cravings for the drug/substance and failure to concentra	te.
	c)	The body of the person who is using a drug becomes used to t	he drug
		so much that he/she requires a higher dose of the drug to get	the
		same effects as before. This is called	
	d)	A naturally occurring chemical (which is associated with feeli	ngs of
		pleasure) that the drugs cause the brain to release in large ar	nounts
		causing a euphoric state is called	•••••
	e)	is when someone who has been using	
		drugs/substances is overpowered by the urge to use drugs	

SECTION B (Carries 50 marks)

Answer ALL questions on a separate sheet provided

1.

a) Explain the three (3) types of communication in relationships

(6 Marks)

b) i) Define assertiveness in communication

(3 Marks)

ii) Discuss ways of improving your assertiveness in communication

(7 Marks)

c) Distinguish between health and unhealthy responses to conflict in relationships (10 Marks)

2.

- a) Outline the reasons why youths turn to drug and substance abuse (10 Marks)
- b) Discuss strategies that can be used to help a friend or relative with substance use disorder (15 Marks)

END OF PAPER