## BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION MT513

## MScED Mathematics

## FUNCTIONAL ANALYSIS



Time: 3 Hours

Candidates should attempt at most Four questions. Marks will be allocated as indicated.

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A1. (a) Define the following terms	
(i) a metric space on a set X.	[2]
(ii) Cauchy sequence.	[1]
(iii) $l^p$ space.	[2]
(b) Consider the space $(X, \rho)$ where $\rho(x, y) = \sqrt{ x - y }$ . Prove that $(X, \rho)$ is a metric space.	[8]
(c) Define R on $N \times N$ by $(a, b) \approx (c, d)$ if $ad = bc$ .	
(i) Prove that R is an equivalence relation.	[8]
(ii) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 15\}$ . Let $\approx$ be the equivalence relation on $A \times A$ defined by	
$(a,b) \approx (c,d)$ if $ad = bc$ . Find the equivalence class of (3,2).	[4]
A2. (a) Let V be a vector space over R. Define the inner product $<.,.>$ on V.	[5]
(b) Prove that every inner product space is a normed linear space.	[10]
(c) State and prove the Cauchy-Bunyakovsky theory.	[10]
A3. (a) State and prove Holder inequality.	[9]
(b) Prove that the open ball $B(x_0, \varepsilon)$ is an open set.	[6]
(c) Is the space $C[-1, 1]$ complete with respect to the metric	
$d(x,y) = \{ \int_{-1}^{1}  x(t) - y(t) ^2 dt \}^{\frac{1}{2}}?$	
Justify your answer.	[10]
A4. (a) State without proof the characterisation of best approximation theory.	[2]
(b) Let $X, Y$ be normed linear spaces over $F$ and $T \in B(X, Y)$ , then prove that	
$  T   = Sup\left\{\frac{  T_x  }{  T  }\right\}, x \in X \setminus 0.$	
	[7]
(c) If a sequence $(X_n)$ in an inner product space converges to x, then it converges weakly.	[7]
(d) Prove that the Euclidean n-space $\mathbb{R}^n$ is complete.	[9]

- A5. (a) For any sets A and B prove that
  - (i)  $(A-B) \cap B = \emptyset$ .

[4]

(ii)  $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$ .

[6]

(b) For any give sets M and N show that  $M \times N = \emptyset$ , if and only if  $M = \emptyset$  and  $N = \emptyset$ .

[8]

(c) If  $T_n$  is a sequence of bounded linear operators from a Banach space X into a normed linear space Y. Prove that if  $T_n$  is strongly convergent to an operator T, then T is a bounded linear operator.

[7]

A6. (a) Let R be the relation in R defined by  $x \sim y$  if and only if x - y is an integer. Prove that  $\sim$  is an equivalence relation.

[7]

(b) Prove that the space C[a, b] define a metric space.

[8]

[10]

(c) Let H be a Hilbert space and M a closed subspace of H. For each  $x \in H/M$ , show that there is a unique element  $y_0 \in M$ :  $||x - y_0|| = inf_{y \in M} ||x - y||$ .

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**