## BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION FACULTY OF SCIENCE & ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF OPTOMETRY

= MOV 2024

## BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS DEGREE IN OPTOMETRY

OPTC205. OPHTHALMIC OPTICS AND DISPENSING **DURATION.3 HOURS (100 MARKS)** 

CANDIDATE NUMBER:	_
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**INSTRUCTIONS:** 

THIS PAPER CONTAINS TWO SECTIONS ANSWER SECTION A ON THE QUESTION PAPER AND SECTION B IN THE ANSWER BOOKLET.

## SECTION A. Attempt ALL questions in this section (Encircle your choice)[40 marks]

- 1. The correct ophthalmic terminology for eyewear that is used for everyday and not for sports or safety is;
  - A. casual eyewear
  - B. formal eyewear
  - C. dress eyewear
  - D. standard eyewear
- 2. What term is synonymous for a "finished lens"?
  - A. single vision lens
  - B. semifinished lens
  - C. uncut lens
  - D. progressive addition lens
- 3. What colour lens is Kalichrome H"?
  - A. Gray
  - B. Green
  - C. Pink
  - D.Blue
- 4. Which of the following lenses should not be AR coated
  - A. lightly tinted glass lenses
  - B. sun lenses
  - C. glass photochromic lenses
  - D. All of the following may be AR coated

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<ul> <li>5. The steps in lens fabrication listed below, which process occurs last</li> <li>A. blocking</li> <li>B. edging</li> <li>C. spotting</li> <li>D. focimetry</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>6. A prescription reads; OU +6.00DS when the optical centre is displaced 0.5mm, what is the amount of prism induced?</li> <li>A. 6 Centrad</li> <li>B.12 Centrad</li> <li>C. 3 Centrad</li> <li>D.18 Centrad</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>7. The modern-day pupilometer measures the PD using a cornea reflex as reference point?</li> <li>A.True</li> <li>B. False</li> <li>C. None of the above</li> <li>D. Splay angle measurement</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>8. The distometer is used in measuring?</li> <li>A. the photochromic reaction of lenses</li> <li>B. the blue cut treated lens</li> <li>C. the power of minor prescription lenses</li> <li>D. the back vertex distance of the eyewear</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>9. A frame marked 52-18. The lens shape is round, what is the effective diameter of the lens?</li> <li>A. 70mm</li> <li>B. 61mm</li> <li>C. 58 mm</li> <li>D. 52mm</li> </ul>	•
<ul> <li>10. When verifying lens powers for a pair of glasses, always;</li> <li>A. start with the right lens</li> <li>B. start with the left lens</li> <li>C. start with the lens with the highest power in the 180-degree meridian</li> <li>D. start with the lens with the highest power in the 90-degree meridian</li> </ul>	
11. Which of the following base curves is the best choice to create -10.00D? Page 2 of $8$	

A +6.00D B. Plano C. +8.00D D. +4.00D
12. The outermost area of a lenticular lens is called?  A. aperture B. closure C. carrier D. cortex
13 For a frame with the following dimensions, what is the segment height?  A =51mm, B=47mm, C=49.5mm, DBL 19mm and Seg drop (distance below the horizontal midline) =4mm  A .19.5mm  B. 20mm  C. 21.5mm  D. 23.5mm
<ul> <li>14. If F1=+8.00D and F2=-8.00D, the lens is;</li> <li>A. meniscus</li> <li>B. equiconvex</li> <li>C. biconvex</li> <li>D. planoconvex</li> </ul>
15 Choose the odd one amongst these options; A. anti-scratch B. photochromic C. Crizal prevencia D. anti-reflecting coating
<ul> <li>16. If salts from a salt pan stick to the frame, what may be done to alleviate the problem?</li> <li>A. use newer salt</li> <li>B. adds talcum powder to the salt</li> <li>C. wash the frame ahead of time</li> <li>D. has the heating element checked.</li> </ul>
17. What is the meridian of highest absolute power for the prescription?-1.50/-0.75x180

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	B2.75D C4.25D D1.25D
1	<ul><li>8. To check for the strain in spectacle lens, what instrument is used?</li><li>A. ophthalmoscope</li><li>B. Retinoscope</li><li>C. Colmascope</li><li>D. refractometer</li></ul>
1	19 What is a good material to use for a nose pad replacement when the wearer is allergic to standard nose pad materials?  A. crystal  B. nickel  C. propionate  D. acetate
{	20. A lens of refractive index 1.50 has a radius of curvature of +8.00cm. To the nearest 0.125D, what power does the lens surface power have in air?  A.+0.50D  B. +6.25DS  C0.62D  D3.25D
	<ul> <li>21. Clip-on, screw-on, twist-on, push-on, bayonet, split-clamp, stirrup and rivert are all terms which apply to;</li> <li>A. a type of temple end piece</li> <li>B. a type of rimless mounting</li> <li>C. a type of nylon cord mounting</li> <li>D. a type of adjustable nosepad</li> </ul>
	22. A cylinder lens has a power of +2.00D and axis orientation of 25 degrees. Where is the meridian of minimum power?  A. 25 degrees  B. 115 degrees

A. -1.50 D

C. 70 degrees D. 160 degrees

23. The surface power of a lens in air of +3.50D.If the radius of curvature is 20cm, what index of refraction does the lens have?

A. 1.33 B. 1.50 C. 1.60 D. 1.70
24. Which lens material is least likely to break, crack or develop stress splits at the mounting point when used for rimless drillings mountings?  A. crown glass B. CR-39 C. polycarbonate D. Trivex
<ul><li>25. A new bifocal wearer must;</li><li>A. keep the head erect and drop the eyes to see on the floor</li><li>B. drop the eyes to read a book</li><li>C. drop the chip and head to engage in near work</li><li>D. sleep in here eyewear</li></ul>
26. When a lens is measured in the normal manner, with the back side of the lens against the lens meter stop, the power measured is called?  A. the equivalent power  B. the effective power  C. the front vertex power  D. the back vertex power
<ul> <li>27. Which of the following is correct?</li> <li>A. (distance power) + (near power) = (near Rx)</li> <li>B. (near power) - (distance power) = (near addition)</li> <li>C. (near addition) = (distance power) - (near power)</li> <li>D. (near power) - (distance power) = (near Rx)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>28. An executive bifocal lens is an example of which type of construction?</li> <li>A. fused</li> <li>B. one piece</li> <li>C. cement segment</li> <li>D. none of the above.</li> </ul>
29. The lens meterreads; -1.00/-1.00x180 in the distance portion, +0.50/-1.00x180 in the intermediate and +1.50/-1.00x180 in the near portion. What is the near add?  A. +1.50D

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B. +1.75D C. +2.00D D. +2.50D
<ul> <li>30. A synonym for major reference point is;</li> <li>A.fitting cross</li> <li>B. distance reference point</li> <li>C. prism reference point</li> <li>D. near reference point</li> </ul>
31. Which of the following may not be caused by or increased in severity by excessive exposure to UV radiation?  A. photokeratitis  B. cataracts  C. diabetic retinopathy  D. age related maculopathy
<ul> <li>32. All the factors listed below are important in the fitting of progressive addition lenses, which factor has the most influenced or wearer satisfaction?</li> <li>A. fitting accuracy</li> <li>B. brand and style of the progressive lens chosen</li> <li>C. accuracy of verification</li> <li>D. type of lens material selected</li> </ul>
33.If the eyelashes rub the back surface of the lenses, the fitter should; A. spread the temples B. raise the frames C. increase the vertex distance D. spread the nose pads
34. All the following denotes GCD in frame measurement except A. distance between centres B. frame centre distance C. frame PD D. bevel
35. The difference the horizontal and the vertical of the frame is called?  A. frame difference B decentration  Page 6 of 8

C	centration
$\sim$	CCITCI CC.O.

D prism induced

- 36. What is the ideal temperature for adjusting cellulose acetate frames?
  - A. 57C
  - B. 67C
  - C .100C
  - D. B and C
- 37. Progressive addition lenses are engraved with all the following except.....?
  - A. distance power prescription
  - B. the add power
  - C. prism reference point
  - D. fitting cross
- 38. The following are all organic lens materials except
  - A. Trivex
  - B. Polycarbonate
  - C. Cellulose acetate
  - D. CR-39
- 39. Intersection of the horizontal and vertical centrelines of the rectangular box which circumscribes the lens shape.......?
  - A. datum system
  - B. boxing system
  - C. concentric system
  - D. universal system
- 40. A prescription reads; OU -3.75/-0.75x95 DC add +1.50. What will be the near power prescription for this patient?
- A. -2.25/-075x5
- B. -2.25/-0.75x95
- C. -2.25/+0.75x95
- D. -2.00/-0.75x95

SECTION B. Attempt all questions in this section[60 marks]

1 (a). Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of organic glass and mineral glass in contemporary ophthalmic dispensing. [15marks]

(b). Explain systematically how you will measure the interpupillary distance of a ten-yearold boy in grade six with your PD rule. [5marks]

- 2 (a). State five methods by which photochromic treatment are applied during lens production.[5marks]
- (b). A prescription for a myope reads;

OD -27,50 D

OS -24,00D

Refracting distance 14mm. If the Rx was to be worn at 11mm, what would be the necessary lens powers be? [5marks]

(c). Discuss the significance of lens surface coatings to client. [5marks]

(d). What essential factors influence the performance of photochromic reactions in lenses. [5marks]

3 (a). State five devices and their functions that an optometrist will employs on spectacles during quality control at the clinic. [5marks]

(b). If a lens power of +3.00/-2.00x180 is to be ground in plus cylinder form, what front and back curves would be used if a base curve of +6.00D were chosen. [6marks]

(c). Mention ten facial anthropometric measurements you employ as an optometrist in your daily clinical practice. [5marks]

(d). Why are ophthalmic frames alloyed?[4marks]

**END OF PAPER**