BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION



FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES

DEPARTMENT OF PEACE AND GOVERNANCE

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS DEGREE IN PEACE AND GOVERNANCE

HUMAN RIGHTS LAW AND TRANSITIONAL JUSTICE: HPG 202

EXAMINATION

TIME 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions in SECTION A and any TWO questions from Section B

Each question carries 100 marks.

Candidates are required to use relevant examples in answering essay questions

SECTION A (Compulsory)

The growth of transnational institutions which promote justice was witnessed in the aftermath of Second World War during Nuremberg and Tokyo trials. Despite challenges, the Nuremberg and Tokyo trials became a watershed in the journey towards establishing international justice mechanisms. Currently there are three main mechanisms to achieve this end.

- 1 (a) Define transitional justice. (4)
- 1 (b) Explain the three main mechanisms of attaining transitional justice. (9)
- 1 (c) Illustrate the main pillars of transitional justice. (12)

SECTION B

- 2. Describe the relationship between the emergence of International Human Rights Movement (IHRM) and transitional justice.
- 3. Examine the role of reparations in transitional justice.
- 4. Analyse the role played by Zimbabwe Human Rights Commission (ZHRC) in the protection human rights in Zimbabwe.

5. To what extent was the International Criminal Tribunal of Rwanda (ICTR) successful? -END OF PAPER-2