# FACULTY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

### DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

BSc HONS DEGREE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE/INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY /NETWORK
ENGINEERING/SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

CS212/CSH201/NWE204/SWE215 - DATA COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKING
2 HOURS 30 MINUTES

#### **INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

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Answer all questions.

Each question carries 20 marks. Total marks are 100.

#### Question 1

- a. Explain any two characteristics of effective communication in data networks.[4]
- b. Various types of network hardware may be used to connect parts of a large network. Give a summary of the characteristics of the following:
  - i. Router [3]
  - ii. Multilayer switch [3]
- c. Calculate the maximum bit rate of a noiseless channel with a bandwidth of 8500
   Hz transmitting a signal with two signal levels. [4]
- d. An organisation would like its mobile workers to access services on its intranet from various sites they might be working from. Describe any <u>three</u> connection technologies they can implement for such a setup.

#### Question 2

- a. A company with three departments has been allocated a network address 192.168.1.0/24 by its ISP. They intend to create a subnet for each department.
  - i. How many bits of the host part should be used to create the three subnets?
  - ii. Create the subnets specifying the network address, host range and broadcast address for each subnet. [9]

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b.	Ethernet supports a protocol known as Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision	
	Detection (CSMA/CD). Explain how CSMA/CD works, giving an example of	how it
	ensures a low probability of collision when two nodes attempting to transmit at	the
	same time.	[10]
<b>.</b>	tion 3	
-	a the involvement a machanism that automates the IP configuration	
a.	including IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS information. Describe the	
	protocol you would use to accomplish that.	[4]
b.		
	algorithms.	[4]
c.	Explain the following error detection schemes:	
	i. Cyclic redundancy check.	[2]
	ii. Parity.	[2]
	iii. Block checksum.	[3]
d.	Describe the leaky bucket congestion control algorithm.	[3]
a.	In the development of Wi-Fi network protocols security, upgrades were made from WEP	
	to WPA1 and then WPA2. Describe the improvements that were done in these upgrades.	
		[6]
)ues	stion 4	
a	. Token-passing networks move a small frame, called a token, arc	ound the
	network. Possession of the token grants the right to transmit.	
	i. Explain the token ring operation.	[6]
	ii. State <u>two</u> key advantage of token passing protocol over	CSMA/CD
	protocol.	[4]
b	Describe Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM).	[4]
	. What are advantages of ATM Network?	[6]

## Question 5

- a. What is the difference between Distance Vector Routing Protocols and Link State Routing Protocols? [6]
- b. In the development of Wi-Fi network protocols security, upgrades were made from WEP to WPA1 and then WPA2. Describe the improvements that were done in these upgrades.
- c. Common solutions that can protect computer communication networks from attacks are classified as cryptographic techniques or authentication techniques (verification).
  - i. What services are offered by each technique?
  - ii. What are the drawbacks of public key encryption over secret key encryption? [4]

[4]

\*\*\*\* END OF PAPER\*\*\*\*