BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HUMANITIES DEPARTMENT OF PEACE AND GOVERNANCE

APR 2017

PC 006 CONFLICT TRANSFORMATION EXAMINATION PAPER

TIME 2 HOURS 30 MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions from SECTION A and SECTION B. Answer ONE question from SECTION C and One question from Section D.

Candidates are expected to use relevant examples when answering essay questions. Section B should not be answered as essays but in point form. Each question in Section C and D carry equal marks (25)

SECTION A: Indicate whether the statements below are True (T) or False by ticking in the correct column. (30)

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Statement	Т	F		Statement	T	F
1	Conflict is abnormal.			16	Capitalism is similar to active citizenship.		
2	Conflict over land is interest based.			17	Teachers possess economic power.		
3	Conflict between MDC and ZANU (PF) is relational.			18	In 2017 R. G. Mugabe lost power through elections.		
4	Conflict as a result of police actions is structural.			19	The Second Chimurenga began in 1966.		
5	Conflict resolution is relationship-centred.			20	Agriculture can be described as tertiary industry.		
6	Covid 19 was a threat to environmental security.			21	Language is an example of material culture.		
7	In a war situation men and women are affected the same.			22	Culture in Zimbabwe is static.		
8	The youth in Zimbabwe are abused by elders.			23	Incest is not a taboo in Zimbabwe.		
9	Sibling violence is between brothers only.			24	The Zimbabwean constitution does not allow polygamous marriages.		
10	Informal economy is important for tax payment.			25	It is easy to stop conflicting parties involved in violence during the crisis stage.		
11	Hiding conflict is found in the confrontation stage.			26	Zimbabwe was colonised in 1893.	***************************************	
12	Youth in Zimbabwe have a lot of power.			27	Lancaster House Conference which led to Zimbabwe's independence was in 1980	-	
13	Women in Zimbabwe constitute more than 50% so have more political power.			28	Soil erosion is an example of human insecurity.	***************************************	

14	Active citizenship leads to dependency syndrome.	29	Zimbabwean women are generally not proud of their natural hair.	
15	The Unity Agreement of 1987 was more of a conflict resolution than conflict transformation.	30	The formation of nationalist parties marked the pre-conflict stage of the conflict in Zimbabwe.	

### SECTION B: Answer all questions. Write answers in point form and not as essays.

- 31. Give any five examples which show that some citizens in our country are social citizens. (5)
- 32. Identify any five resources which have caused conflict in our country. (5)
- 33. Suggest any five solutions to the problems of human insecurity in urban areas in our country. (5)
- 34. Give any five reasons why our African ladies in Zimbabwe prefer hair similar to whites. (5)

### SECTION C: Answer only one question

- 35. Active citizenship is the best form of citizenship in our country. Discuss. (25)
- 36. Examine any five factors which caused the Second Chimurenga to last for 15 years from 1966 to 1980. (25)

### SECTION D: Answer only one question

- 37. Analyse any five causes of conflict in Africa. (25)
- 38. Describe five problems experienced by urbanites in Zimbabwe during the rainy season. For each problem suggest a possible solution. (25)

### **END OF PAPER**