

**BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION**

**FACULTY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION**

**DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING AND PHYSICS**

**Bachelor of Science Honours Degree in Electronic Engineering**

**EEE 3105 - Communication Engineering Question Paper**

JUN 2025

**Time Allowed: 3 Hours**

**Total Marks: 100**

**Special Requirements:** Scientific Calculator, rule, pen, pencil

**INSTRUCTIONS**

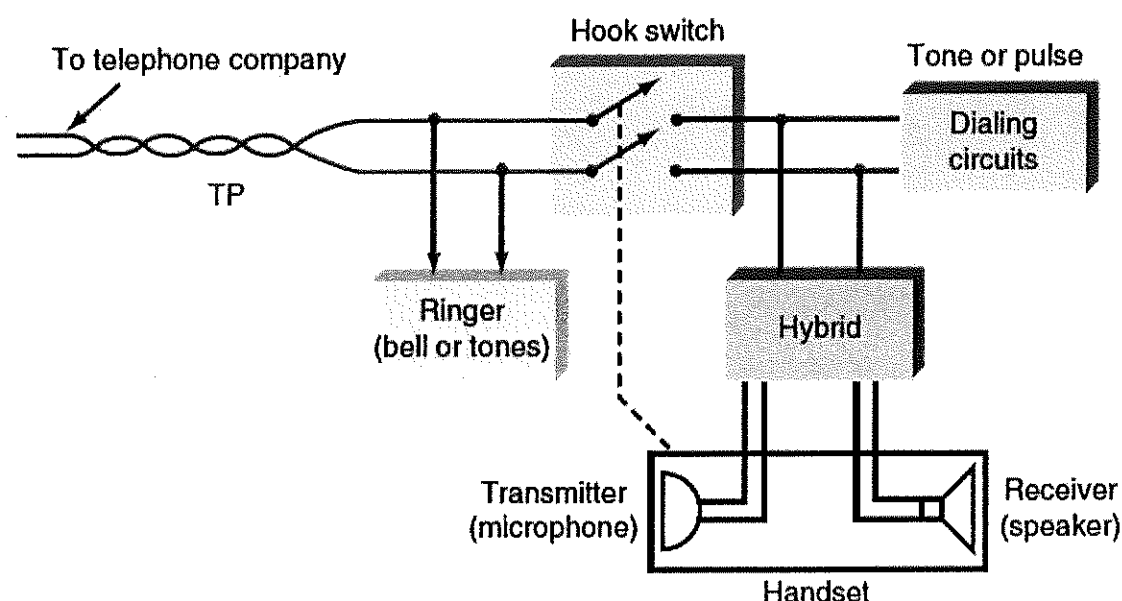
1. Answer any **FIVE (5)** questions
2. The question paper contains **SEVEN (7)** questions
2. Each question carries 20 marks

- 1(a)(i) State four effects of noise on operation of electronic communication systems [4]  
(ii) Draw a well-labelled circuit diagram that can be used to derive thermal noise voltage [5]  
(iii) Using the diagram in (ii) above show that thermal noise voltage  $V_n = 2\sqrt{kTBR}$  [5]  
(b) State any three enhanced telephone services [3]  
(c) Discuss three reasons for modulation [3]
- 2(a) The signal that consists of three sinusoids having the following amplitudes and frequencies:  
 $A_1 = 15V$  and  $f_1 = 9 \times 10^6 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $A_2 = 50V$  and  $f_2 = 9.5 \times 10^6 \text{ Hz}$ , and  $A_3 = 30V$  and  $11 \times 10^6 \text{ Hz}$  :  
(i) Depict its spectrum. [6]  
(ii) What is the bandwidth of this signal? [2]  
(iii) What transmission bandwidth do we need to deliver this signal? [3]  
(b) Define three types of signals involved in the modulation process [3]  
(c) Illustrate the relationship among the modulating signal, carrier signal and modulated signal using waveform diagrams with 50% modulation for AM. [6]
- 3(a) Discuss the following multiple access techniques with the aid of diagrams  
(i) Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) [4]  
(ii) Frequency Division Multiplexing Access (FDMA) [4]  
(b) Compare and contrast circuit switching and packet switching. [5]  
(c) Briefly describe a LAN network. [2]  
(d) Derive the expression for total power content in an AM signal. [5]
- 4(a) With the aid of a suitable diagram discuss the components of an analogue communication system. [8]  
(b) Discuss the full duplex mode of communication with the aid of a suitable diagram [5]  
(c) (i) Why are standards necessary in Telecommunication? [3]  
(d) State four functions of Postal and Telecommunication Regulatory Authority of Zimbabwe (POTRAZ) organisation in Zimbabwe. [4]
- 5(a) Compare Analog systems and Digital systems [6]  
(b) Illustrate the relationship among the modulating signal, carrier signal and modulated signal using waveform diagrams for FM. [6]  
(c) Using one modulating signal illustrate the difference between AM and FM [6]  
(d) A cell phone transmitter has a maximum frequency deviation of 12 kHz. Calculate the modulation index if it operates at maximum deviation with a voice frequency of 300 Hz. [2]
- 6(a) The FM radio link having a deviation ratio of 10 is to transmit a speech band up to 5 kHz. What RF bandwidth should be used. [2]  
(b) A speech signal in a telephone system occupies frequency range of 300-3400 Hz (considered on a band). In a carrier system, it is transmitted as SSB signal. Calculate saving in the bandwidth, as compared to AM transmission. [3]  
(c) An FM signal is represented by  $v(t) = 10 \sin(10^8 t + 15 \sin 2000 t)$ . Find the parameters of the FM Wave. [4]

(d) State six functions of the telephone set two in receive mode and three in transmit mode?

[5]

(c) The diagram below shows a basic telephone set.



Describe the functions of the following blocks

(i) Ringer

[2]

(ii) Handset

[2]

(iii) Dialling circuit

[2]

7(a) List the 10 steps in a chronological order involved in completing a local telephone call between two subscribers connected to the same telephone switch.

[10]

(b) Describe pulse dialling in Telephone systems.

[2]

(c) Describe call forwarding telephone enhanced services

(d)(i) Derive the expression of an AM signal in the frequency domain.

[5]

(ii) Discuss three distinct signals in the expression.

[3]

The End