### BINDURA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE EDUCATION

# FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT: NATURAL RESOURCES

PROGRAMME: BSc NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

COURSE CODE (1): NRM203: MINERAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

**DURATION: 2 HOURS** 

**TOTAL MARKS: 70** 

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer *Three* questions out of the following five questions. You must answer question *One* from Section A and any *Two* questions from Section B.

# SECTION A (COMPULSORY)

1. (a) Outline the seven steps involved in obtaining mineral commodities.

[14 Marks]

(b) (i) Define ore grade and gangue.

[4 Marks]

(ii) If a 60 m<sup>3</sup> Nickel ore body has a density of 16 g cm<sup>-3</sup> and an ore grade of 8 ppm.

Calculate the mass of Nickel in the ore body.

[mass of the commodity=volume of ore body x density of ore body x grade].

[3 Marks]

(c) Describe any THREE types of mineral rights obtainable in Zimbabwe according

to the Mines and Minerals's ACT (1961): [Chapter 21:05].

[9 Marks]

#### SECTION B

2. Discuss four advantages of mineral beneficiation in Zimbabwe.

[20 marks]

3. (a) State the formula for estimating revenue accrued from a mining project.

[4 Marks]

(b) Calculate the net present value of a mining project (\$US) based on the annual benefits and costs information given in the following table.

Assume a discount ratio of 5%.

Year	Benefits	costs
1	0	45
2	150	50
3	250	25
4	300	40
5	1000	250

[16 Marks]

4. Discuss the legislative framework guiding the extraction of minerals in Zimbabwe.

[20 Marks]

5. Discuss the marketing framework of minerals in Zimbabwe.

[20 Marks]

#### END OF PAPER